# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

| LINDSAY COLEMAN,      | )                                |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Plaintiff,            | ) ) Civil Action No. 18-cv-04358 |
| V.                    | )                                |
| HUNTER WARFIELD, INC. | )<br>)<br>Lumy Doman dad         |
| Defendant.            | ) <u>Jury Demanded</u><br>)      |

# **COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff, Lindsay Coleman, brings this action under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, *et seq.* ("FDCPA), and alleges:

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to § 1692k(d) of the FDCPA and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 2. Venue is proper in this District because parts of the acts and transactions occurred here and Defendant transacts substantial business here.

#### **STANDING**

- 3. Plaintiff has suffered an injury in fact that is traceable to Defendant's conduct and that is likely to be redressed by a favorable decision in this matter.
- 4. Specifically, Defendant's failure to report to a credit reporting agency that the debt is disputed creates a "real risk of financial harm caused by an inaccurate credit rating." *Evans v. Portfolio Recovery Associates, LLC*, No. 17-1773, 2018 WL 2035315, at \*4 (7th Cir. May 2, 2018) (*citing Sayles v. Advanced Recovery Systems, Inc.*, 2017 U.S. App. LEXIS 12080 \*7 (5th Cir. July 6, 2017).

### **PARTIES**

- 5. Plaintiff, Lindsay Coleman ("Plaintiff"), is a resident of the State of Illinois, from whom Defendant attempted to collect a delinquent consumer debt allegedly owed for a defaulted "The Residences at 1450" consumer account, account number beginning with 70137. Plaintiff is thus a "consumer" as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3) of the FDCPA.
- 6. Defendant Hunter Warfield, Inc. ("Hunter") is a Maryland corporation. It does business in Illinois and maintains a registered agent at Illinois Corporation Service Co., 801 Adlai Stevenson Drive, Springfield, IL 62703. (Exhibit A, Record from the Illinois Secretary of State).
- 7. Hunter is engaged in the business of a collection agency, using the mails and telephone to collect consumer debts originally owed to others.
- 8. Hunter holds an expired collection agency license in the State of Illinois. (Exhibit B, Record from the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation).
- 9. Hunter regularly collects debts due or asserted to be due another and it is therefore it is a "debt collector" as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) of the FDCPA.

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 10. According to Defendant, Plaintiff incurred an alleged debt for goods and services used for personal purposes, originally for a defaulted "The Residences at 1450" consumer account, account number beginning with 70137 ("alleged debt"). The alleged debt is thus a "debt" as that term is defined at § 1692a(5) of the FDCPA.
- 11. Due to her financial circumstances, Plaintiff could not pay any debts, and the alleged debt went into default.
  - 12. Hunter subsequently began collecting the alleged debt.

- 13. In response to collection attempts by Defendant, Plaintiff consulted with the attorneys at Community Lawyers Group, Ltd., who, on February 16, 2018, sent a letter to Hunter indicating that Plaintiff disputed the alleged debt. (Exhibit C, Dispute Letter).
  - 14. Hunter received Plaintiff's dispute on February 16, 2018.
  - 15. Plaintiff's letter stated, in part, that the amount reported is not accurate.
- 16. A statement that "the amount reported is not accurate" evinces the intention to dispute the validity of at least a portion of the purported debt. *Evans*, No. 17-1773, 2018 WL 2035315, at \*5. "There is simply no other way to interpret this language." *Id*.
  - 17. After making the dispute, Plaintiff obtained her Experian credit report.
- 18. On May 5, 2018, Hunter communicated credit information regarding the alleged debt to the Experian consumer reporting agency, including a balance, an account number and the date reported. (Exhibit D, Redacted Excerpt from Plaintiff's Experian Report).
- 19. Hunter failed to communicate that Plaintiff's alleged debt was disputed when it communicated other information to Experian regarding the alleged debt. (Ex. D, Experian).
  - 20. Hunter had been notified almost three (3) months prior of Plaintiff's dispute.
- 21. Three (3) months is sufficient time for a debt collector to update its records. *See Herbert v. Monterey Financial Services, Inc.*, 863 F. Supp. 76 (D. Conn. 1994) (holding that five days was enough time for a debt collector to update their records with information from a consumer's letter).
  - 22. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e of the FDCPA provides as follows:

#### **False or misleading representations**

A debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt. Without limiting the general application of the foregoing, the following conduct is a violation of this section:

- ... (8) Communicating or threatening to communicate to any person credit information which is known or which should be known to be false, including the failure to communicate that a disputed debt is disputed....
- 23. Hunter failed to communicate a dispute to the Experian credit reporting agency, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8), when it knew or should have known about the dispute and communicated other information regarding the alleged debt to the credit reporting agency.
- 24. Credit reporting by a debt collector constitutes an attempt to collect a debt. *E.g.*, *Rivera v. Bank One*, 145 F.R.D. 614, 623 (D.P.R. 1993) (a creditor's report of a debt to a consumer reporting agency is a "powerful tool, designed in part to wrench compliance with payment terms from its cardholder").
- 25. Hunter materially lowered Plaintiff's credit score by failing to note Plaintiff's dispute.
- 26. A debt reported with no dispute results in a much lower credit score than a report of both the debt and the dispute. *Saunders v. Branch Banking and Trust Co. of VA*, 526 F. 3d 142, 146-47 (4th Cir. 2008).
- 27. Plaintiff experienced negative emotions about Defendant's false communications, including annoyance, aggravation, and other garden variety emotional distress.
- 28. Defendant's collection communications are to be interpreted under the "unsophisticated consumer" standard. *See*, *Gammon v. GC Services, Ltd. Partnership*, 27 F.3d 1254, 1257 (7th Cir. 1994).

#### COUNT I- FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

29. Plaintiff re-alleges the paragraphs above as if set forth fully in this count.

30. Hunter failed to communicate a dispute to the Experian credit reporting agency, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8), when it knew or should have known about the dispute and communicated other information regarding the alleged debt to Experian.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully asks this Court enter judgment in Plaintiff's favor and against Defendant as follows:

- A. Actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1);
- B. Statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2);
- C. Costs and reasonable attorney fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3); and
- D. Such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

## **JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff demands trial by jury.

By: s/Celetha Chatman
One of Plaintiff's Attorneys

Michael Wood Celetha Chatman **Community Lawyers Group, Ltd.** 73 W. Monroe Street, Suite 514 Chicago, IL 60603 Ph: (312) 757-1880

Ph: (312) 757-1880 Fx: (312) 265-3227

cchatman@communitylawyersgroup.com